# COLUSA COUNTY LOCAL TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION, CALIFORNIA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
TOGETHER WITH
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2011

# Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

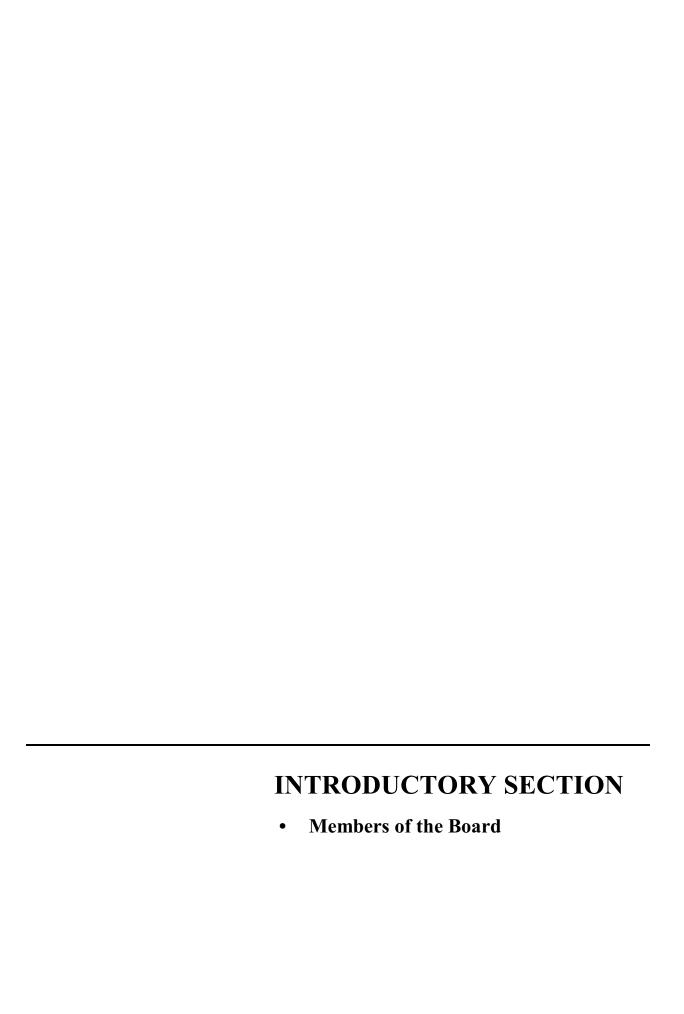
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# Board of Commissioners For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Gary Evans County of Colusa

Tom Indrieri County of Colusa

Kim Vann County of Colusa

Tom Reische City of Colusa

Pat Landreth City of Colusa

Charles Bergson City of Williams

# FINANCIAL SECTION

- Independent Auditor's Report
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# **SMITH & NEWELL**

CEUIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Commissioners Colusa County Local Transportation Commission Colusa, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Colusa County Local Transportation Commission, California (Commission), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Commission's primary government as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Commission's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

The financial statements referred to above include only the primary government of the Commission, which consists of all funds, that comprise the Commission's legal entity. The financial statements do not include financial data for the Commission's legally separate component units, which accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be reported with the financial data of the Commission's primary government. As a result, the primary government financial statements do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the reporting entity of the Commission as of June 30, 2011, and the changes in its financial position, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund for the primary government of the Commission as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 26, 2012, on our consideration of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

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Board of Commissioners Colusa County Local Transportation Commission Colusa, California

The budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United Slates of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

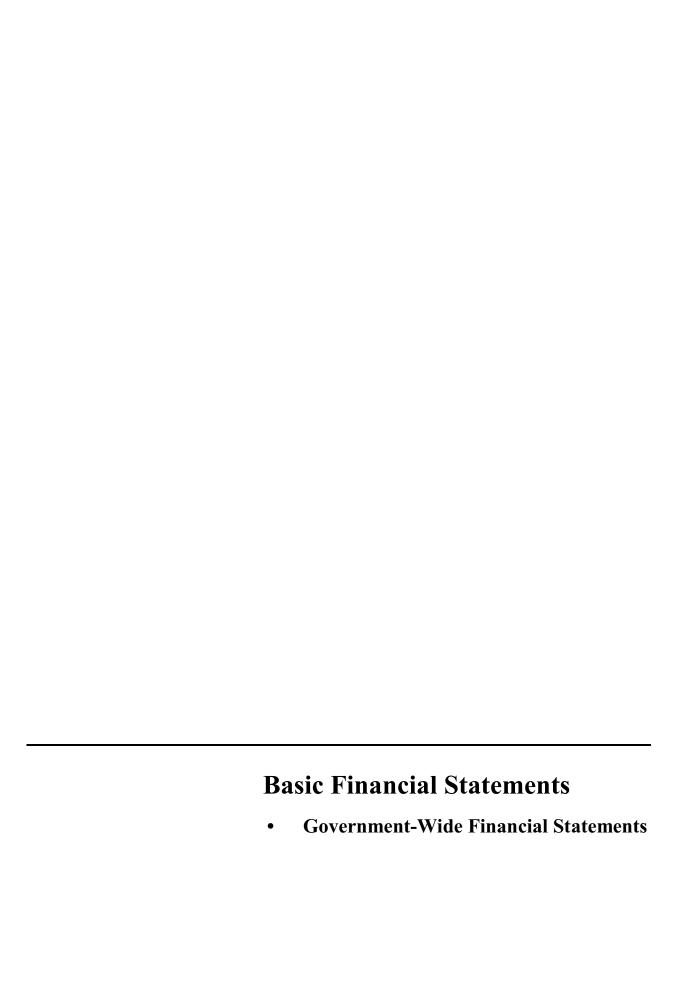
Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis report that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context.  $\Box$ ur opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Commission's primary government's basic financial statements. The introductory section and Schedules of Allocations and Expenditures are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required pail of the basic financial statements. The Schedules of Allocations and Expenditures have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Smith & Newell CPAs Yuba City, California

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March 26, 2012

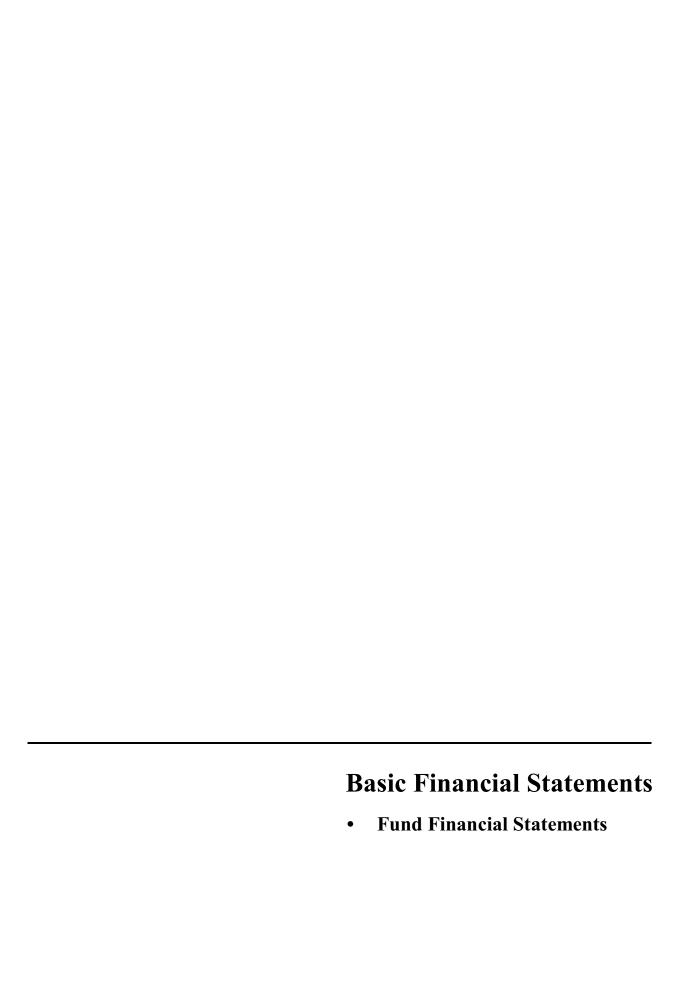


# COLUSA COUNTY LOCAL TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2011

	Total Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 1,149,426
Accounts receivable	122,405
Interest receivable	7,733
Taxes receivable	83,800
Capital assets:	
Depreciable, net	26,157
Total Assets	1,389,521
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	15,841
Total Liabilities	15,841
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets	26,157
Restricted for transportation	1,347,523
Total Net Assets	\$ 1,373,680

# Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Functions/Programs:	Expenses	Charges for Services	Program Revenu Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets Total Governmental Activities		
Governmental activities:		Ф.	Ф. 206762	Φ.	Φ (77.6.41.5)		
Transportation	\$ 983,177	\$ -	\$ 206,762	\$ -	\$ (776,415)		
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	983,177		206,762		(776,415)		
Total	\$ 983,177	\$ -	\$ 206,762	\$ -	(776,415)		
General revenues: Sales and use taxes Interest and investment earnings							
Total General Revenues							
Change in Net Assets							
Net Assets - Beginning							
	Net Assets - Er	nding			\$ 1,373,680		



# Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2011

	Trar	Local sportation lanning		Local nsportation	State Transit Assistance	Total
ASSETS			-			 
Cash and investments	\$	165,664	\$	983,762	\$ -	\$ -,,
Accounts receivable		122,405		-	-	122,405
Interest receivable		1,069		6,664	-	7,733
Taxes receivable				83,800		 83,800
Total Assets	\$	289,138	\$	1,074,226	\$ -	\$ 1,363,364
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	15,841	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 15,841
Deferred revenues		122,405				 122,405
Total Liabilities		138,246				 138,246
Fund Balances:						
Restricted		150,892		1,074,226		 1,225,118
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>		150,892		1,074,226		 1,225,118
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	\$	289,138	\$	1,074,226	\$ -	\$ 1,363,364

# Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets - Governmental Activities June 30, 2011

Total Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 1,225,118
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheets.	26,157
Other long term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are not reported in the funds or reported as deferred in the governmental funds.	
Deferred revenue	122,405
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,373,680

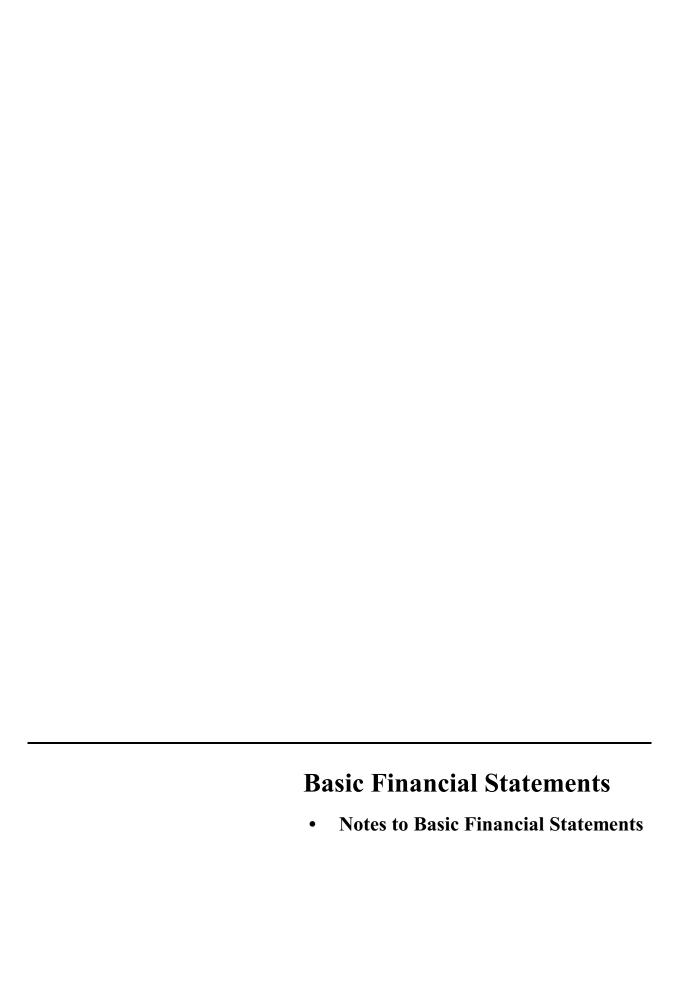
# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Local Transport Plannir	ation		Local sportation	Sta Tra Assist	nsit	Total
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$	-	\$	792,080	\$	-	\$ 792,080
Aid from other government agencies:							
Rural planning assistance	158,			-		-	158,749
Use of money		063		7,087		7	 8,157
Total Revenues	159,	812		799,167		7	 958,986
EXPENDITURES							
Overall Work Program:							
Transportation administration (1.01)	19,0	000		-		-	19,000
Participation in transit operations metropolitan and							
state planning (2.01)		466		-		-	466
Blueprint (2.01)	1,5	862		-		-	1,862
Planning for transit systems management/operations							
to increase ridership (4.01)		874		-		-	11,874
Emphasize the preservation of the current system (5.01)	85,0			-		-	85,683
STIP PPM expenses	18,	103		-		-	18,103
Road maintenance		-		309,401		-	309,401
Allocations:				505.050			505.050
Regional transit		10		507,850		-	507,850
Planning and administration		18		19,147			 19,165
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	137,0	006		836,398			 973,404
<b>Net Change in Fund Balances</b>	22,	806		(37,231)		7	(14,418)
Fund Balances - Beginning	128,0	086	1	,111,457		(7)	 1,239,536
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 150,	892	\$ 1	,074,226	\$		\$ 1,225,118

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (14,418)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Depreciation expense	(9,773)
Some revenues reported in the statement of activities will not be collected for several months after the Commission's year end and do not provide current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.	
Change in deferred revenue	 48,013
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 23,822



Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of Colusa County Local Transportation Commission (Commission) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Commission's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The Colusa County Local Transportation Commission (Commission), the regional transportation planning agency for the County of Colusa, was established in 1973 pursuant to the Transportation Development Act of 1971. The Commission is responsible for transportation planning activities as well as administration of the Local Transportation Fund and State Transit Assistance Fund.

The Commission receives monies and allocates these monies for the planning, management, and operation of public transportation systems within the County of Colusa. The Commission also has the authority to allocate monies for other transportation related activities including street and road projects.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the Commission and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable.

Reporting for component units on the Commission's financial statements can be blended or discretely presented. Blended component units are, although legally separate entities, in substance part of the Commission's operations and, therefore, data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, would be reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the government.

For financial reporting purposes, the Commission's basic financial statements include only the financial activities of the primary government. The financial statements do not include financial data for the Colusa County Transit Agency, the Commission's legally separate component unit. The financial statements of the individual component unit may be obtained by writing to the Colusa County Local Transportation Commission, 1215 Market Street, Colusa, CA 95932.

#### **B.** Basis of Presentation

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The statement of net assets and statement of activities display information on all of the activities of the Commission. These statements include the financial activities of the Commission. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements report the governmental activities of the Commission, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The Commission had no business-type activities at June 30, 2011.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **B.** Basis of Presentation (Continued)

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)**

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Commission's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and; therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include 1) charges paid by the recipients of goods and services offered by the program, 2) operating grants and contributions and 3) capital grants and contributions. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are presented instead as general revenues.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Fund financial statements of the Commission are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. The funds of the Commission are organized into the governmental category. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental category. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Commission or meets the following criteria:

- Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The Commission reports the following major governmental funds:

- The Local Transportation Planning fund is a special revenue fund used to account for monies expended in relation to the overall work program.
- The Local Transportation fund is a special revenue fund used to account for local transportation activities.
- The State Transit Assistance fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the receipt and expenditure of State Transit Assistance funds.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### C. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Commission gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include sales tax, grants, entitlements, and donations. Under the accrual basis, revenues from sales tax are recognized when the underlying transactions take place. Revenues from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Sales taxes, interest, and certain state and federal grants are considered susceptible to accrual and are accrued when their receipt occurs within thirty days after the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. General capital assets acquisitions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Proceeds of governmental long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

#### D. Non-Current Governmental Assets/Liabilities

Non-current governmental assets and liabilities, such as capital assets and long-term liabilities, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide statement of net assets.

#### E. Investments

The Commission pools all cash and investments with the County of Colusa. The Colusa County Treasury is an external investment pool for the Commission and the Commission is considered an involuntary participant. The Treasurer invests on behalf of most funds of the County and external participants in accordance with the California State Government Code and the County's investment policy.

Participant's equity in the investment pool is determined by the dollar amount of participants deposits, adjusted for withdrawals and distributed investment income. Investment income is determined on the amortized cost basis. Amortized premiums and accreted discounts, accrued interest, and realized gains and losses, net of expenses, are apportioned to pool participants every quarter based on the participant's average daily cash balance at quarter end in relation to the total pool investments. This method differs from the fair value method used to value investments in these financial statements. In these financial statements, the fair value of the Commission's investments in the pool was based on unaudited quoted market values as provided by the County Treasurer. The pool has not provided or obtained any legally binding guarantees during the period to support the value of investments.

The County monitors and reviews the management of public funds maintained in the investment pool in accordance with the County investment policy and the California Government Code. The Board of Supervisors review and approve the investment policy annually. The County Treasurer prepares and submits a comprehensive investment report to the Board of Supervisors every month. The report covers the type of investments in the pool, maturity dates, par value, actual cost and fair value.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### E. Investments (Continued)

Required disclosure information regarding categorization of investments and other deposit and investment risk disclosures can be found in the County's financial statements. The County of Colusa's financial statements may be obtained by contacting the County of Colusa Auditor-Controller at 546 Jay Street, Colusa, CA 95932.

#### F. Receivables

#### **Accounts Receivable**

Accounts receivable consist mainly of sales taxes and grants. Management believes its receivables are fully collectible and, accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts is required.

#### G. Inventory

Governmental fund inventories are recorded as expenditures at the time inventory is purchased. Records are not maintained of inventory and supplies on hand, although these amounts are not considered material.

#### H. Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is unavailable. Contributed capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Capital assets used in operations are depreciated or amortized using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life in the government-wide financial statements. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Depreciable Asset

Equipment

3-25 years

Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations when incurred. Betterments and major improvements which significantly increase values, change capacities or extend useful lives are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of capital assets, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

#### I. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are reflected as either loans, services provided or used, reimbursements or transfers.

Loans reported as receivables and payables are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans) as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a nonspendable fund balance account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not in spendable form.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### I. Interfund Transactions (Continued)

Services provided or used, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. These services provide information on the net cost of each government function and therefore are not eliminated in the process of preparing the government-wide statement of activities.

Reimbursements occur when the funds responsible for particular expenditures or expenses repay the funds that initially paid for them. Such reimbursements are reflected as expenditures or expenses in the reimbursing fund and reductions to expenditures or expenses in the reimbursed fund.

All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

#### J. Compensated Absences and Postemployment Benefits

The Commission does not have employees and consequently does not provide compensated absences or postemployment benefits.

#### K. Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### L. Implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements

#### GASB Statement No. 54

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, the Commission implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54 (GASB 54), "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions". The requirements of this statement are effective for financial statement periods beginning after June 15, 2010.

GASB 54 enhances the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions. It establishes fund balance classifications based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in the governmental funds. The initial distinction in reporting fund balance information is identifying amounts that are considered nonspendable. This Statement provides for additional classification as restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how specific amounts can be spent.

GASB 54 also provides guidance for classifying and disclosing information on stabilization amounts. The definitions of the General fund, special revenue fund type, capital projects fund type, debt service fund type, and permanent fund type are also clarified by the provisions in this statement.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

#### NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

#### A. Financial Statement Presentation

As of June 30, 2011, the Commission's cash and investments consisted of the following:

Investments:

Colusa County Treasurer's Pool \$ 1,149,426

Total Cash and Investments \$\\ \\$ 1,149,426

#### B. Cash

Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits - Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Commission will not be able to recover its deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County's investment policy requires that deposits in banks must meet the requirements of the California Government Code. Under this code, deposits of more than \$250,000 must be collateralized at 105 percent to 150 percent of the value of the deposit to guarantee the safety of the public funds. The Commission does not have a formal investment policy that further limits its deposits.

At year end, the Commission had no bank deposits outside the County Treasury.

#### C. Investments

Under the provisions of the County's investment policy and the California Government Code, the County may invest or deposit in the following:

Banker's Acceptances
Commercial Paper
Local Agency Investment Fund
Mutual Funds
Medium Term Corporate Notes
Money Market Funds
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit
Repurchase Agreements/Reverse Repurchase Agreements
Securities of the Federal Government or its Agencies.

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk of loss due to the fair value of an investment falling due to interest rates rising. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways the County manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations. The County limits its exposure to interest rate risk inherent in its portfolio by limiting individual maturities to 5 years or less.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

#### NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### C. Investments (Continued)

Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. State law and the County's investment policy limit investments in commercial paper to the rating of A1 or better by Standards & Poor's or P-1 or better by Moody's Investors Service; and corporate bonds to the rating of A or better by both Standards & Poor's and Moody's Investors Service. The Commission does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Custodial Credit Risk for Investments - Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Commission will not be able to recover its deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investments in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools.

Concentration of Credit Risk - Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Commission's investment in a single issuer of securities. When investments are concentrated in one issuer, this concentration presents a heightened risk of potential loss. State law and the investment policy of the County contain limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. All investments of the Commission are in the County investment pool which contains a diversification of investments.

#### NOTE 3: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2011, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2010 Addit		dditions	Retirements		Balance e 30, 2011	
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Equipment	\$	77,029	\$	<u>-</u>		\$	77,029
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated		77,029		<u> </u>			77,029
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Equipment	(	41,099)	(	9,773)		(	50,872)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(	41,099)	(	9,773)		(	50,872)
Capital Assets, Net	\$	35,930	( <u>\$</u>	9,773)	\$	\$	26,157

#### **Depreciation**

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Transportation	\$ 9,773
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Functions	\$ 9,773

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

#### NOTE 4: DEFERRED REVENUE

At June 30, 2011, the Commission recorded deferred revenue of \$122,405 in the Local Transportation Planning fund for the fourth quarter rural planning assistance receivable not meeting the available criteria at June 30, 2011.

#### NOTE 5: NET ASSETS

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net assets presentation. Net assets are categorized as invested in capital assets (net of related debt), restricted, and unrestricted.

- Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets including restricted capital
  assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds,
  mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or
  improvement of those assets.
- Restricted net assets Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. These principally include restrictions for capital projects, debt service requirements and other special revenue fund purposes.
- Unrestricted net assets All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted: or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt".

When both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, it is considered that restricted resources are used first, followed by the unrestricted resources.

#### NOTE 6: FUND BALANCES

As prescribed by GASB Statement No. 54, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Commission is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. As of June 30, 2011, fund balance for governmental funds are made up of the following:

- Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that are (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example: inventories, prepaid amounts, and long-term notes receivable.
- Restricted fund balance includes amounts that can be spent for specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.
- Committed fund balance includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Commission's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Commissioners. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the Commission taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally (for example: resolution and ordinance).

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

#### NOTE 6: FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

- Assigned fund balance comprises amounts intended to be used by the Commission for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by (1) the Board of Commissioners or (b) a body (for example: a budget or finance committee) or official to which the Board of Commissioners has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.
- Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all
  amounts not contained in the other classifications. Unassigned amounts are technically available
  for any purpose. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes
  exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, that fund would report
  a negative unassigned fund balance.

The Board of Commissioners establishes, modifies or rescinds fund balance commitments and assignments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. This is done through adoption of the budget and subsequent budget amendments that occur throughout the year.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is considered that restricted resources are used first, followed by the unrestricted committed, assigned and unassigned resources as they are needed.

The fund balances for all governmental funds as of June 30, 2011, were distributed as follows:

	Local		State	
	Transportation Planning	Local Transportation	Transit Assistance	Total
Restricted for:				
Transportation	<u>\$ 150,892</u>	\$ 1,074,226	\$ -	\$ 1,225,118
Total Restricted	150,892	1,074,226		1,225,118
Total	<u>\$ 150,892</u>	\$ 1,074,226	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 1,225,118

#### NOTE 7: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Commission is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Commission is covered under the County of Colusa's risk management programs.

#### NOTE 8: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

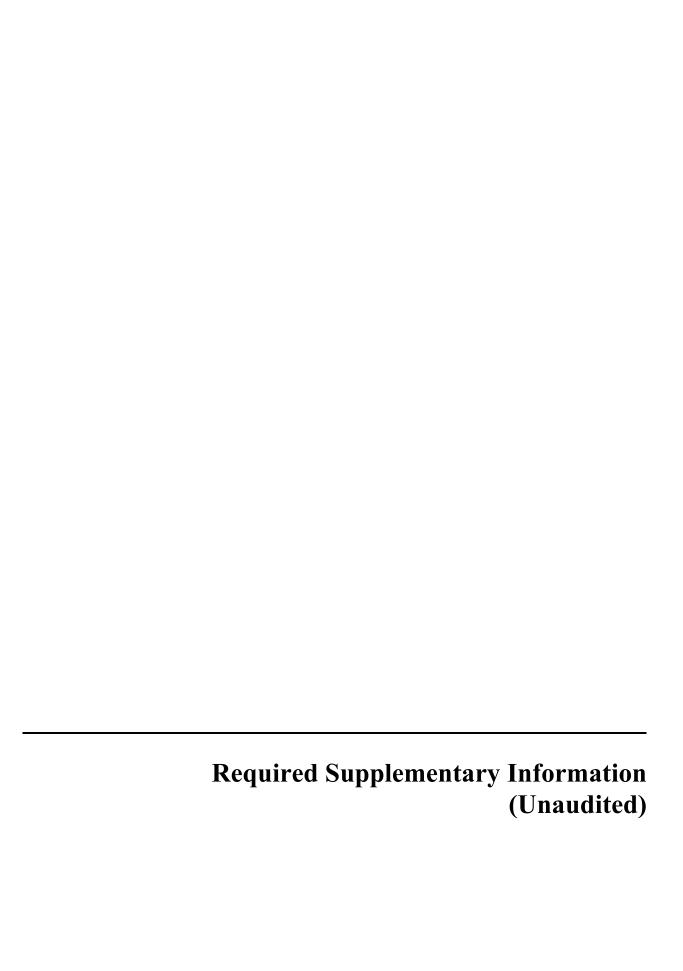
The Commission has an agreement with the County of Colusa to manage its operations. The County also provides engineering and construction services to the Commission upon request.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

#### **NOTE 9: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### A. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated events subsequent to June 30, 2011 through March 26, 2012, the date on which the financial statements were available for issuance. Management has determined no subsequent events requiring disclosure have occurred.



# Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis Local Transportation Planning - Major Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)		Variance wit Final Budge Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES Aid from other government agencies:							
Rural planning assistance Use of money	\$	227,000	\$ 227,000	\$	158,749 1,063	\$	(68,251) 1,063
<b>Total Revenues</b>		227,000	 227,000		159,812		(67,188)
EXPENDITURES							
Overall Work Program		227,000	227,000		118,885		108,115
STIP PPM expenses		70,192	70,192		18,103		52,089
SAFETEA-LU expenses		96,093	96,093		-		96,093
Planning and administration			 		18		(18)
<b>Total Expenditures</b>		393,285	 393,285		137,006		256,279
<b>Net Change in Fund Balance</b>		(166,285)	(166,285)		22,806		189,091
Fund Balance - Beginning		128,086	 128,086		128,086		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	(38,199)	\$ (38,199)	\$	150,892	\$	189,091

# Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis Local Transportation - Major Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

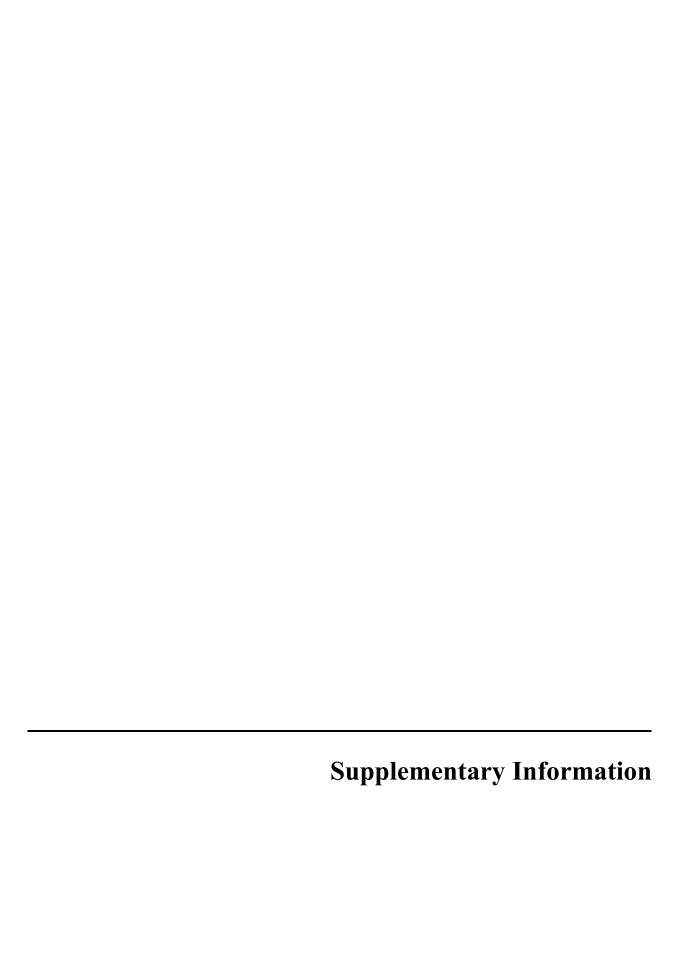
	Original Final Budget Budget			Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ 775,000	\$	775,000	\$	792,080	\$	17,080
Use of money	 25,000		25,000		7,087		(17,913)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	 800,000		800,000		799,167		(833)
EXPENDITURES							
Allocations:	<b>55.</b> 000		027.000		<b>505.050</b>		415 150
Regional transit	775,000		925,000		507,850		417,150
Road maintenance	341,045		959,846		309,401		650,445
Planning and administration	 25,000		25,000		19,147		5,853
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	 1,141,045		1,909,846		836,398		1,073,448
<b>Net Change in Fund Balance</b>	(341,045)	(	1,109,846)		(37,231)		1,072,615
Fund Balance - Beginning	 1,111,457		1,111,457		1,111,457		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 770,412	\$	1,611	\$	1,074,226	\$	1,072,615

# Note to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

#### **BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

The following procedures are preformed by the Commission in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- (1) The Director of Public Works submits to the Board of Commissioners a recommended draft budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes recommended expenditures and the means of financing them.
- (2) The Board of Commissioners review the recommended budget at regularly scheduled meetings, which are open to the public.
- (3) Prior to July 1, the budget is adopted through Board order.
- (4) The Board of Commissioners may amend the budget by motion during the fiscal year.
- (5) Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year. The Commission presents a comparison of annual budgets to actual results for all governmental funds. For the year ended June 30, 2011, no budget was adopted for the State Transit Assistance fund because activity was minimal. The amounts reported on the budgetary basis are generally on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

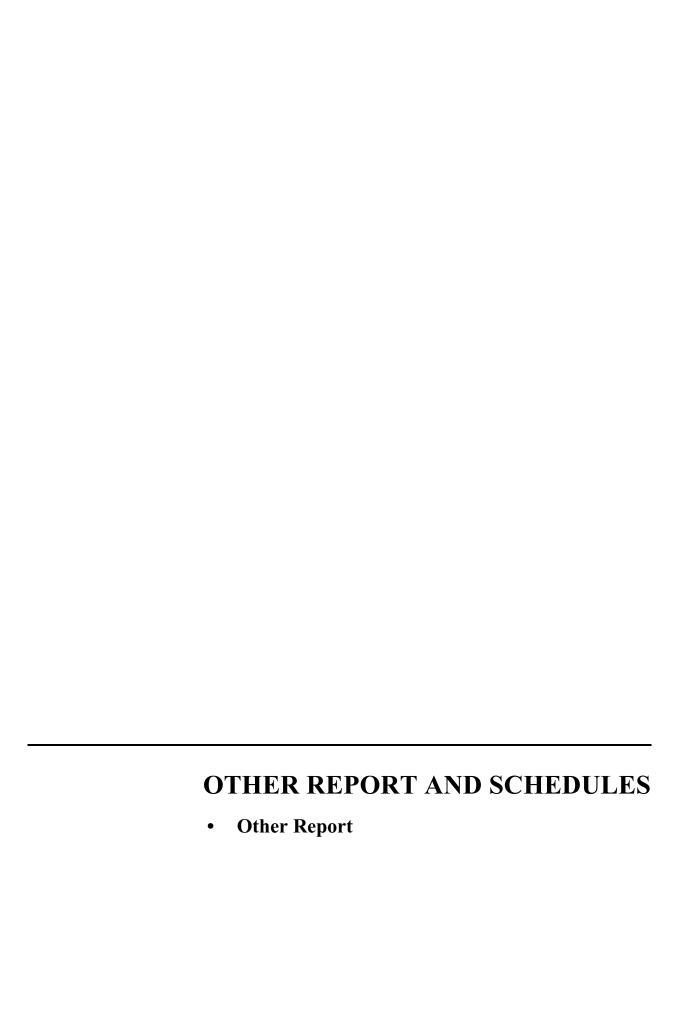


# Schedule of Allocations and Expenditures Local Transportation Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Beginning Allocations as Adjusted	Allocated		Expended		Rescinded		Ending Allocations as Adjusted	
Colusa County Transit Agency 99260 (a)	\$ -	\$	507,850	\$	507,850	\$	-	\$	-
Colusa County Local Transportation Commission 99233.1	on -		19,147		19,147		-		-
County of Colusa 99234	309,401		138,588		309,401		-	138	,588
City of Colusa 99233.9	338,232		76,365		-		-	414	,597
City of Williams 99233.9	312,214		67,880		-		-	380	,094
Contingency	150,000							150	,000
	\$ 1,109,847	\$	809,830	\$	836,398	\$		\$ 1,083	,279

# Schedule of Allocations and Expenditures State Transit Assistance Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Colusa County Transit Agency 6731 (b)	Outsta	Allocations Outstanding June 30, 2010		Allocated		Expended		Rescinded		Allocations Outstanding June 30, 2011	
	\$	-	\$	_	\$		\$	_	\$	_	
	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		



# SMITH & NEWEI

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT **AUDITING STANDARDS AND THE RULES AND REGULATIONS OF THE** TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT ACT

**Board of Commissioners** Colusa County Local Transportation Commission Colusa, California

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Colusa County Local Transportation Commission (Commission), as of and for the year ended June 30, 20I 1, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Commission's primary government and have issued our report thereon dated March 26, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the applicable fiscal audit requirements of the Transportation Development Act including Public Utilities Code Section 99245 and the California Code of Regulations Section 6664.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the Commission is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Commission's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

TEL: (530) 673-9790

Board of Commissioners Colusa County Local Transportation Commission Colusa, California

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Commission's primary government's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Additionally, we performed tests to determine that allocations made and expenditures paid by the Commission were made in accordance with the allocation instructions and resolutions of the Commission and in conformance with the California Transportation Development Act. Specifically, we performed each of the specific tasks identified in the California Code of Regulations Section 6666 that are applicable to the Commission and tests to determine that certain state funds were received and expended in accordance with applicable bond act and state accounting requirements. However, our objective was not to provide an opinion on overall compliance with such provisions. Accordingly, we do riot express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Commissioners, others within the organization, and the State Controller's Office and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Smith & Newell, CPAs Yuba City, California

March 26, 2012