TOP 10 CALL 9-1-1 TIPS

DEVELOPED FOR INVESTIGATIONDISCOVERY.COM Created by special 9-1-1 Lifeline, APCO, NENA team

1. Is a person hurt or in danger? Do you need the police, fire, or ambulance?

Have you ever wondered whether to call 9-1-1? Since 9-1-1 is for emergencies only, it helps to understand when to call and when not to call. An emergency is any serious situation where a law enforcement officer, fire fighter, or emergency medical help is needed right away. If you are unsure of whether your situation is an emergency, go ahead and call 9-1-1. The 9-1-1 call taker can determine if you need emergency assistance and can route you to the correct location.

2. If you do call 9-1-1, even by mistake, do not hang up the phone.

9-1-1 call takers are trained to get the most important information as quickly as possible to get help on the way to an emergency situation. In an emergency situation, allow the call taker to ask you all the questions they need in order to get help there in the timeliest manner before you hang up or leave the phone. If you happen to call by accident, stay on the line until you can tell the call taker that you called by accident and there is no emergency. This saves the call taker from having to call you back and confirm there is no emergency or sending police with lights and sirens to check your address for an emergency.

3. When calling 9-1-1, do your best to stay calm and answer all questions.

Staying calm can be one of the most difficult, yet most important, things you do when calling 9-1-1. It is very important that you stay as calm as possible and answer all the questions the 9-1-1 call taker asks. The questions 9-1-1 call takers ask, no matter how relevant they seem, are important in helping get the first responders to you as fast as possible.

4. Help the 9-1-1 call taker help you.

Listen and answer the questions asked. By doing this, it helps the call taker understand your situation and will assist you with your emergency until the appropriate police, fire or medical units arrive.

5. Know the location of the emergency.

The wireless 9-1-1 caller must be aware that the 9-1-1 center that answers the call may not be the 9-1-1 center that services the area that the wireless caller is calling from. Look for landmarks, cross street signs and buildings. Know the name of the city or county you are in. Knowing the location is vital to getting the appropriate police, fire, or EMS units to respond. Providing an accurate address is critically important when making a wireless 9-1-1 call.

6. Teach your children how to call 9-1-1.

Be sure they know what 9-1-1 is, how to dial from your home and cell phone, and to trust the 9-1-1 call taker. Make sure your child is physically able to reach at least one phone in your home. When calling 9-1-1, your child needs to know his/her name, parent's name, telephone number, and most importantly, the address. Tell your child to answer all the call takers questions and to stay on the phone until instructed to hang up.

7. **Prank calls to 9-1-1 waste time and are considered to be illegal in most states.**Be sure all members of your household are aware that prank or harassing calls to 9-1-1 will be dealt with by local law enforcement agencies.

8. Post your address clearly and prominently at your entrance and on your home.

Posting your 9-1-1 address at the driveway entrance and on your home will alleviate any confusion as to whether emergency responders have the correct location. Try using something reflective or illuminated so that it can be seen in the evening as well as during the day. **Do not assume since your mailbox is marked you have posted your address**. Mailboxes are not always at the entrance of a driveway and usually are not marked clearly on both sides. Several cities and counties have ordinances for posting 9-1-1 addresses- check with your local ones. And always report missing street signs when noted- these not only help others find your home but are essential to emergency response personnel.

9. Know the phones you own.

Educate everyone about the phone system in your home as well as your cell phone. Children may need to use the devices in an emergency and will need to know how to operate them.

10. View helpful 9-1-1 websites for all ages.

Look under the Public Education tabs on the websites for further information regarding 9-1-1:

- National Emergency Number Association
- Association of Public-Safety Communications Officials
- Greater Harris County 9-1-1 Emergency Network
- Kids 9-1-1
- 9-1-1 Information
- Denco Area 9-1-1 District
- 9-1-1 Safety for Kids